

P #18

Ch 4 - pg 108

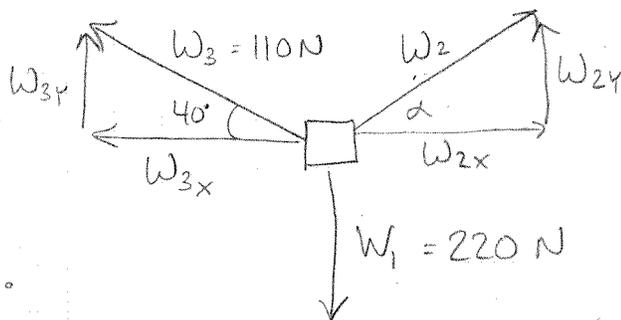
$$W_1 = 220 \text{ N}$$

$$W_2 = ?$$

$$W_3 = 110 \text{ N}$$

$$\theta = 40^\circ$$

$$\alpha = ?$$



$$W_{3x} = W_3 \cdot \cos \theta$$

$$= (110 \text{ N}) \cdot \cos 40^\circ$$

$$W_{3x} = 84.3 \text{ N}$$

$$W_{3y} = W_3 \cdot \sin \theta$$

$$= (110 \text{ N}) \cdot \sin 40^\circ$$

$$W_{3y} = 70.7 \text{ N}$$

For Vertical Forces:

$$W_{3y} + W_{2y} = W_1$$

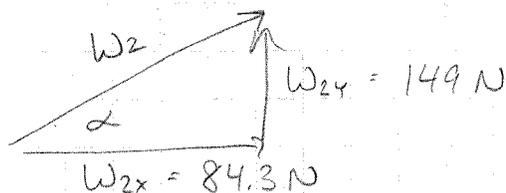
$$70.7 \text{ N} + W_{2y} = 220 \text{ N}$$

$$W_{2y} = 149 \text{ N}$$

For Horizontal Forces:

$$W_{3x} = W_{2x} = 84.3 \text{ N}$$

For W_2 :



$$W_2^2 = W_{2y}^2 + W_{2x}^2$$

$$= (149 \text{ N})^2 + (84.3 \text{ N})^2$$

$$W_2 = 171 \text{ N}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{W_{2y}}{W_{2x}} = \frac{149 \text{ N}}{84.3 \text{ N}}$$

$$\alpha = 60.5^\circ$$