

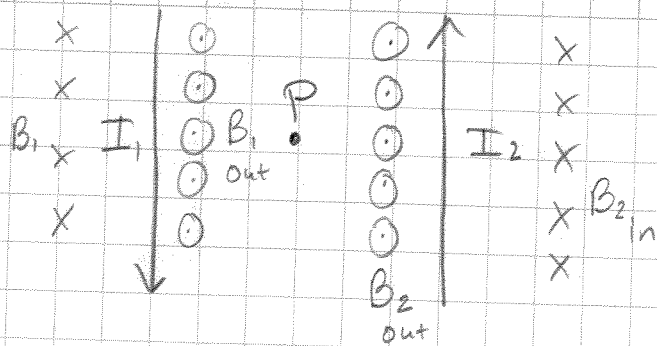
$$I_1 = I_2 = 12 \text{ A}$$

$$r_1 = r_2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot d = \frac{1}{2} (20 \text{ m}) = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$a) \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 \cdot I}{2\pi r} = \frac{(4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m/A}) \cdot (12 \text{ A})}{2\pi \cdot (10 \text{ m})}$$

$$B_1 = B_2 = 2.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

b) Determine the direction of B_1 and B_2 at Point P.



Use RHR #2 to determine the direction of B on each side of the 2 wires

B_1 at Point P is out, and B_2 at Point P is out

$$B_{\text{net}} = B_1 + B_2$$

$$= (2.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}) + (2.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T})$$

$$B_{\text{net}} = 4.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$