



$W = -\text{area under graph}$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot (\Delta P \times \Delta V) + -P_f \cdot \Delta V$$

(triangle)                      (rectangle)

$$= -\frac{1}{2}((11 \times 10^5) - (1 \times 10^5))(40 \times 10^{-6}) - (1 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa})(40 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3) - (8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}(10 \times 10^5)(3.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3) +$$

$$- (1 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa})(3.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3)$$

$$W = -19.2 \text{ J}$$

$$P_0 = 11 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$P_f = 1 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$V_0 = 8.00 \text{ cm}^3 = 8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_f = 40.0 \text{ cm}^3 = 40 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$$

$$W = KE = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$$

$$19.2 \text{ J} = \frac{1}{2} (0.040 \text{ kg})(v^2)$$

$$v = 31 \text{ m/s}$$

b) The air exerts a force, causing work of  $W = F \cdot d$

$$P = \frac{F}{A} \quad \text{so} \quad F = P \cdot A$$

$$= (1.0 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa})(1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2)$$

$$P = 1.0 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$A = 1.0 \text{ cm}^2 = 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$F = 10 \text{ N}$$

$$W = F \cdot d$$

$$= (10 \text{ N})(3.2 \text{ m})$$

$$W = 3.2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\frac{W_{\text{air}}}{W} = \frac{3.2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}}{19.2 \text{ J}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}$$